

Data Paper

Insect fauna including unrecorded species in Ulleungdo, South Korea

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Abstract

Background

Ulleungdo harbours a unique ecosystem owing to its isolation from the mainland alongside its maritime climate. The island, formed via volcanic activity, is the largest island in the East Sea of Korea and retains a primeval forest. The ecosystems are being destroyed owing to increasing human activity on the island. Therefore, through the investigation of the insect fauna of Ulleungdo, we tried to provide information that can be the basis for understanding the island ecology of Ulleungdo. This survey was conducted four times between April and October in 2020 at Seonginbong.

New information

The findings of the survey regarding insect fauna at Seonginbong, Ulleungdo included 10 orders, 105 families, 216 genera and 212 species, of which 12 families, two subfamilies, 13 genera and 74 species were previously unrecorded. The data have been registered in the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF; www.GBIF.org).

Keywords

Insecta, island, diversity, database, new records, Palearctic

Introduction

In general, island ecosystems are isolated and have limited resources, which consequently results in simpler food chains than those in inland ecosystems (Polis et al. 1997). Therefore, the interrelationship between predators and prey in island ecosystems can be compared more clearly than in inland where the relationship is complex (Simberloff 1974). In addition, the biota of island regions is expectedly distinct from inland biota as the former is affected by oceanic climates, unlike inland ecosystems, which are affected by continental climates. However, islands surrounded by oceans are vulnerable to the effects of climate change, such as rising sea levels due to global warming, changes in temperature and precipitation, increasing incidences of unpredictable tropical cyclones and El Nino (Ahn 2011). In case such climate change continues in Korea, boreal plants in temperate regions in the Northern Hemisphere are expected to become extinct, whereas the distribution of temperate plants is expected to expand rapidly (Kim et al. 2022). Furthermore, human activities, such as island development and the influx of foreign species have added to the threat of biodiversity reduction in island ecosystems (Veron et al. 2019). For this reason, island ecosystems require constant monitoring.

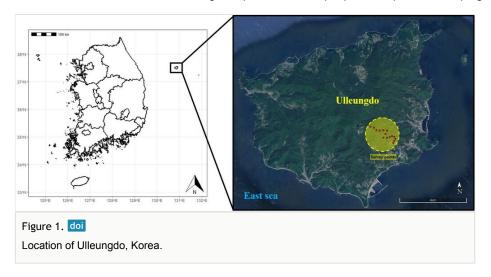
Ulleungdo and its subsidiary islands are the sole island areas located in the East Sea of Korea, thereby representing the only island ecosystem in the East Sea. Ulleungdo is located in the southwest of the East Sea (37°30'N, 130°52'E) and at a distance of 130 km from the Korean Peninsula. The island was formed via volcanic activity and is an ocean island that has never been connected to land. Seonginbong (984 m) is located at the centre of Ulleungdo. The primeval forest of Seonginbong is an ecologically stable climax forest and includes plants that are unique to Ulleungdo (Cho et al. 1993).

An investigation about the insect fauna of Ulleungdo was first conducted by Cho, who reported four families and 16 species of butterflies (Cho 1929). Subsequent studies have identified various taxa, including 95 families and 345 species (Kim 1971), 125 families and 574 species (Lee and Kwon 1981), 141 families and 691 species (Kwon et al. 1996), 154 families and 828 species (Lee and Jung 2001), 153 families and 841 species (Lee et al. 2006), 81 families and 242 species (Lim and Lee 2012) and 96 families and 433 species (Lim et al. 2013). According to Lim et al. (2013), a total of 18 orders, 179 families and 1,177

species of insects were recorded on Ulleungdo during the survey period from 1929 to 2013. In addition, a recent survey by the National Institute of Biological Resources (National Institute of Biological Resources 2021b) involving aquatic insects in Ulleungdo identified 32 species of aquatic insects, including Ephemeroptera, Trichoptera and Plecoptera. Given its distinct geography as an island region, Ulleungdo has poor accessibility. In addition, owing to severe weather disturbances, such as typhoons and high waves, periodic insect fauna surveys have been difficult to conduct. Although there have been several surveys in the past, the overall insect fauna survey has not been carried out since the study of Lim et al. (2013) and the most recent survey (National Institute of Biological Resources 2021b) was not a general survey of insect fauna, but the aquatic environment. Therefore, there is a need to update the insect fauna data and it is possible that there are still many unrecorded insect species on Ulleungdo. Herein, a comprehensive survey of the insect fauna inhabiting Seonginbong in Ulleungdo was conducted using different collection methods and a species list, including that of previously unrecorded species, was prepared.

Sampling methods

Description: Throughout 2020 (April, July, August and October) four expeditions were carried out to collect data at Seonginbong (37°29'52.81"N, 130°52'03.72"E) in Ulleungdo (Fig. 1). Fifteen collection points were designated along the altitude of Seonginbong and four collection methods were used: light trap, molasses traps, pit-fall traps and sweeping.



Sampling description: Light trap was conducted at collection point 1 (lowland), collection point 6 (midland) and collection point 15 (highland). After fixing a tripod (height: 1 m) inside a tent (height: 1.7 m), a 400 W high-voltage mercury lamp was connected with a tripod. Samples attracted by ultra-violet light from a mercury lamp were collected by a hand-collecting method. Light trap was operated after 20:00 h when the sun had completely set and it was operated for about 1 hour at each point.

Molasses traps were conducted at all 15 collection points. The distance between each collection point is about 50 m. Tissue soaked in attractant was put in a mesh net and hung on a tree. The attracted samples were collected by a hand-collecting method. Molasses, made by mixing sugar, glacial acetic acid and grape juice, was used as an attractant (Scheller 1984, Singh et al. 2013, Dar et al. 2020). Molasses traps were installed at 15 points by altitude and maintained for 24 hours. Insects attached to the traps were collected one day after traps installation.

Pit-fall traps were also conducted in all 15 collection points. A plastic cup (diameter: 9.2 cm; height: 13.5 cm; volume: about 475 cm³) containing an attractant was buried at the same level as the ground. Molasses, pork and octopus were used as attractant and, in the case of molasses, the same molasses as the molasses trap were used. Each attractant was separately put into a plastic cup and three types of pit-fall traps were installed at regular intervals of 3 m. Three pit-fall traps were installed for each attractant at one point and a total of 45 traps were installed at 15 points. Pit-fall traps, like molasses traps, installed at 15 points by altitude, were maintained for 24 hours from the time of installation and then the insects in the traps were collected next day.

Sweeping was conducted continuously while going up from collection site 1 to 15 and samples were collected by sweeping an insect net (pole: 2.5 m; net diameter: 50 cm; net length: 110 cm). Sweeps were performed at least 50 times for each point. The samples collected in the insect net were transferred into the conical tube using an insect aspirator. Sweeping was carried out while climbing the Seounginbong during the daytime.

Collected samples were stored in conical tubes containing 70% ethanol. Large insects, such as some Lepidoptera species, were stored in glassine paper and frozen to prevent damage. Afterwards, the collected samples were moved to the Animal Systematics & Taxonomy Laboratory at Kyungpook National University. The species were identified by referring to various references (Hardy and Takahashi 1960, Shin 2001, Park et al. 2012, An 2013, Cho 2015a, Cho 2015b, Cho 2015c, Jang et al. 2015, Baek 2016, Dong 2017, National Institute of Biological Resources 2021a). In order to confirm that the identified species are unrecorded species of Ulleungdo, they were checked through the references which including a list of insect species previously investigated on Ulleungdo (Kim 1971, Lee and Kwon 1981, Lee et al. 2006, Lim and Lee 2012, Lim et al. 2013).

Database update: A list of 212 insect species collected from Ulleungdo in 2020 was prepared and the data were registered in the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF).

Geographic coverage

Description: This survey was conducted at Seonginbong, Ulleungdo.

Coordinates: 37°29'10" and 37°29'54"N Latitude; 130°52'03" and 130°53'39"E Longitude.

Taxonomic coverage

Taxa included:

Rank	Scientific Name	Common Name
kingdom	Animalia	Animals
phylum	Arthropoda	Arthropods
class	Insecta	Insects
order	Blattodea	
order	Coleoptera	
order	Dermaptera	
order	Diptera	
order	Hemiptera	
order	Hymenoptera	
order	Lepidoptera	
order	Mantodea	
order	Orthoptera	
order	Trichoptera	

Usage licence

Usage licence: Creative Commons Public Domain Waiver (CC-Zero)

Data resources

Data package title: 2020_Ulleungdo_insect_list

Resource link: https://doi.org/10.15468/bvxcjq

Number of data sets: 1

Data set name: 2020_Ulleungdo_insect_list

Download URL: https://www.gbif.org/dataset/b2ccb272-cd23-4c1e-8c07-660ff0099fff

Data format: CSV.

Description: The dataset (Kyungpook National University Animal Systematics & Taxonomy Laboratory 2023) included 10 orders, 105 families, 216 genera and 212 species of insects. This survey was prepared four times (28/04/2020-03/05/2020,

 $05/07/2020-08/07/2020, \qquad 28/08/2020-31/08/2020, \qquad 01/10/2020-04/10/2020) \qquad at Seonginbong of Ulleungdo. The collection methods used include sweeping, light trap, pit-fall trap and molasses trap.$

Column label	Column description
taxonID	An identifier for the set of taxon information (data associated with the Taxon class).
scientificName	Full scientific name.
taxonRank	The taxonomic rank of the most specific name in the scientificName.
kingdom	The full scientific name of the kingdom in which the taxon is classified.
phylum	The full scientific name of the phylum or division in which the taxon is classified.
class	The full scientific name of the class in which the taxon is classified.
order	The full scientific name of the order in which the taxon is classified.
family	The full scientific name of the family in which the taxon is classified.
genus	The full scientific name of the genus in which the taxon is classified.
specificEpithet	The name of the first or species epithet of the scientificName.
infraspecificEpithet	The name of the lowest or terminal infraspecific epithet of the scientificName, excluding any rank designation.
vernacularName	Common or vernacular name in Korea.
occurrenceID	Unique identifier of the occurrence.
basisOfRecord	State of the recorded specimen.
countryCode	Country code.
stateProvince	Province in which the specimen was collected.
county	County in which the specimen was collected.
locality	Locality in which the specimen was collected.
decimalLatitude	Geographic latitude of the collection site.
decimalLongitude	Geographic longitude of the collection site.
geodeticDatum	The ellipsoid, geodetic datum or spatial reference system (SRS) upon which the geographic coordinates given in decimalLatitude and decimalLongitude are based.
coordinateUncertaintyInMetres	The horizontal distance (in metres) from the given decimalLatitude and decimalLongitude describing the smallest circle containing the whole of the Location.
eventDate	Date of sampling period.
identifiedBy	Identifier for the specimen.

recordedBy	A list (concatenated and separated) of names of people, groups or organisations responsible for recording the original Occurrence.
identificationRemarks	Comments or notes about the Identification.

Additional information

Results and Discussion

This survey identified 10 orders, 105 families, 216 genera and 212 species of insects (Table 1, Fig. 2). This list includes 12 families, two subfamilies, 13 genera and 74 species that have not been previously recorded on Ulleungdo.

Table 1.
Ulleungdo insect list in 2020

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-	Newly-recorded					
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species			
Blattodea										
	Ectobiidae									
			Blattella nipponica							
Coleoptera										
	Anthribidae									
			Anthribidae sp.							
	Aphodiidae									
			Saprosites japonicus				0			
	Bostrichidae									
			Bostrichidae sp.	О						
	Brentidae									
		Apioninae								
			Apioninae sp.		0					
	Buprestidae									
			Agrilus sp.							
			Agrilus chujoi							
	Carabidae									
			Parena sp.							

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
			Synuchus sp.					
			Anisodactylus (
			Pseudanisodactylus) signatus					
			Amara (Curtonotus) giganteus					
			Amara (Amara) ussuriensis					
			Gyrochaetostylus atricomes				0	
			Harpalus (Harpalus) chalcentus					
			Harpalus (Zangoharpalus) tinctulus luteicornoides				0	
			Lesticus (Triplogenius) magnus					
			Metacolpodes buchannani					
			Nipponoharpalus discrepans				0	
	Cerambycidae							
			Acalolepta sejuncta sejuncta				0	
			Anaglyptus (Aglaophis) colobotheoides					
			Arhopaloscelis bifasciata					
			Arhopalus rusticus rusticus					
			Egesina (Niigimaia) bifasciana bifasciana					
			Mimectatina divaricata divaricata					
			Saperda octomaculata				0	
	Scarabaeidae							
			Blitopertha orientalis				0	
			Protaetia lugubris				0	
			Sericania sp.					
			Sericania fuscolineata					
			Sophrops striata				0	

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
	Chrysomelidae							
			Chrysomelidae sp.					
			Cryptocephalus sp.					
			Altica oleracea oleracea				0	
			Argopistes tsekooni					
			Bruchidius japonicus				0	
			Demotina modesta				0	
			Gallerucida bifasciata					
			Pagria signata					
			Paridea (Paridea) angulicollis				О	
			Syneta adamsi				0	
	Coccinellidae							
			Calvia muiri					
			Epilachna quadricollis				0	
			Harmonia axyridis					
			Illeis (Illeis) koebelei koebelei					
	Curculionidae							
			Curculionidae sp.			0		
			Bradybatus sp.					
			Orchestes sp.			0		
		Entiminae						
			Entiminae sp.					
			Pseudocneorhinus sp.			0		
			Pseudoedophrys hilleri					
	Elateridae							
			Elateridae sp.					
			Melanotus sp.					
			Drasterius agnatus					
			Pectocera fortunei					

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
	Endomychidae							
			Ancylopus pictus asiaticus					
	Hydrophilidae							
		Spaeridiinae						
			Spaeridiinae sp.					
	Leiodidae							
			Leiodidae sp.			0		
			Catops sp.	0				
	Lucanidae							
			Dorcus rectus rectus					
	Meloidae							
			Meloidae sp.					
			Meloe (Meloe) proscarabaeus					
			proscarabaeus					
	Mordellidae							
			Mordellidae sp.					
	Nitidulidae							
			Nitidulidae sp.					
			Epuraea (Epuraea) oblonga				0	
			Glischrochilus (Librodor) rufiventris				0	
			Ipidia (Ipidia) variolosa variolosa				0	
			Meligethes flavicollis				0	
			Neopallodes omogonis				0	
			Omosita discoidea				0	
	Rhynchitidae							
			Aspidobyctiscus (Aspidobyctiscus) lacunipennis				0	
	Salpingidae							
			Salpingus depressifrons				0	

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-	recorded		
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species
	Scraptiidae						
			Scraptiidae sp.				
	Silphidae						
			Necrophila (Eusilpha) jakowlewi jakowlewi				
	Silvanidae						
			Uleiota arboreus				0
	Staphylinidae						
			Staphylinidae sp.				
			Aleochara (Aleochara) curtula				
		Tachyporinae					
			Tachyporinae sp.				
	Tenebrionidae						
			Allecula (Upinella) melanaria				0
			Gonocephalum (Gonocephalum) pubens				
			Lagria (Lagria) nigricollis				0
			Lagria (Lagria) rufipennis				0
			Luprops orientalis				
			Mycetochara (Ernocharis) orientalis				0
Dermaptera							
	Anisolabididae						
			Euborellia annulata				0
	Forficulidae						
			Anechura japonica				
	Anisolabididae						
			Anisolabella marginalis				
Diptera							
	Agromyzidae						

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
			Agromyzidae sp.	0				
	Anisopodidae							
			Sylvicola japonicus					
	Anthomyiidae							
			Anthomyiidae sp.					
			Delia platura					
			Fucellia apicalis					
	Asilidae							
		Ommatiinae						
			Ommatiinae sp.					
	Bibionidae							
			Bibio sp.1			0		
			Bibio sp.2			0		
			Bibio tenebrosus				0	
	Calliphoridae							
			Calliphoridae sp.					
			Lucilia sp.					
	Cecidomyiidae							
			Cecidomyiidae sp.	О				
	Chloropidae							
			Chloropidae sp.	0				
	Coelopidae							
			Coelopa frigida				О	
	Dolichopodidae							
			Condylostylus nebulosus				0	
		Dolichopodinae						
			Dolichopodinae sp.		0			
	Drosophilidae							
			Drosophilidae sp.					

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
			Drosophila sp.					
			Scaptomyza sp.					
	Ephydridae							
			Ephydridae sp.	0				
	Fanniidae							
			Fannia sp.					
	Heleomyzidae							
			Heleomyzidae sp.	0				
			Suillia sp.			0		
			Suillia brunneipennis				0	
			Suillia lineitergum				0	
			Suillia nartshukella					
	Lauxaniidae							
			Lauxaniidae sp.					
			Homoneura sp.			0		
			Homoneura filiola				0	
			Homoneura haejuana				0	
			Sciasmomyia supraorientalis				0	
	Lonchopteridae							
			Lonchoptera sp.			0		
	Muscidae							
			Atherigona sp.			0		
		Muscinae						
			Muscinae sp.					
		Coenosiinae						
			Lispe sp.					
		Phaoniinae						
			Phaoniinae sp.					
			Dichaetomyia bibax				0	

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species		
	Mycetophilidae								
			Mycetophilidae sp.	0					
	Phoridae								
			Phoridae sp.1	0					
			Phoridae sp.2	0					
	Platystomatidae								
			Euprosopia grahami				0		
			Rivellia alini						
			Rivellia nigroapicalis						
	Psilidae								
			Psila sp.			0			
	Psychodidae								
			Psychodidae sp.						
	Sarcophagidae								
			Sarcophagidae sp.						
		Sarcophaginae							
			Sarcophaginae sp.						
	Scatophagidae								
			Scathophaga sp.						
			Scathophaga mellipes				0		
			Scathophaga Stercoraria						
	Sciaridae								
			Sciaridae sp.	0					
	Simuliidae								
			Simulium sp.						
	Sphaeroceridae								
			Sphaeroceridae sp 1.	О					
			Sphaeroceridae sp 2.	О					
	Stratiomyidae								

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded					
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species		
			Allognosta vagans				0		
	Syrphidae								
			Syrphidae sp.						
	Tachinidae								
			Tachinidae sp.						
			Tachina sp.						
	Tephritidae								
			Tephritidae sp.						
			Campiglossa sp.						
			Acanthonevra trigona				0		
			Anomoia purmunda						
Hemiptera									
	Acanthosomatidae								
			Acanthosomatidae sp.						
			Acanthosoma crassicaudum						
			Acanthosoma denticaudum						
			Acanthosoma forficula						
			Elasmostethus nubilus						
			Sastragala scutellata						
	Achilidae								
			Errada nawae						
	Alydidae								
			Alydus calcaratus				0		
			Paraplesius unicolor				0		
			Riptortus clavatus						
	Aphididae								
			Aphididae sp.						
	Aphrophoridae								
			Obiphora intermedia						

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
	Cicadellidae							
			Cicadellidae sp.					
			Cicadella viridis					
			Drabescus nigrifemoratus				0	
			Drabescus nitobei				0	
			Idiocerus (Bicenarus) ishiyamae					
			Neotituria kongosana					
			Phlogotettix cyclops					
	Cicadidae							
			Meimuna opalifera					
	Coreidae							
			Homoeocerus (Tliponius) dilatatus					
	Cydnidae							
			Macroscytus japonensis					
	Delphacidae							
			Delphacidae sp.					
			Stenocranus sp.					
			Sogatella furcifera					
	Lygaeidae							
			Lygaeidae sp.					
			Neolethaeus dallasi					
			Nysius plebejus					
	Miridae							
			Miridae sp.					
			Castanopsides sp.			0		
			Charagochilus (Charagochilus) angusticollis				0	
			Bryocoris montanus				0	

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
			Monalocoris filicis					
	Nabidae							
			Nabis (Milu) apicalis				0	
			Nabis (Nabis) stenoferus					
	Pentatomidae							
			Aelia fieberi					
			Aelia klugii					
			Glaucias subpunctatus					
			Lelia decempunctata					
			Menida scotti					
			Plautia stali					
			Zicrona caerulea					
	Psyllidae							
			Psyllidae sp.					
	Reduviidae							
			Reduviidae sp.					
			Gardena brevicollis				0	
	Ricaniidae							
			Orosanga japonica					
	Tingidae							
			Physatocheila fieberi				0	
Hymenoptera								
	Andrenidae							
			Andrenidae sp.					
	Apidae							
			Apidae sp.					
			Apis mellifera					
			Bombus (Pyrobombus) ardens ardens					
			Bombus speciosus					

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
	Braconidae							
			Braconidae sp.					
	Formicidae							
			Camponotus sp.					
			Camponotus itoi					
			Camponotus japonicus					
			Camponotus kiusiuensis				0	
			Formica lemani				0	
			Lasius alienus					
			Lasius hayashi				0	
			Lasius spathepus					
			Nylanderia flavipes					
			Stigmatomma silvestrii					
			Technomyrmex gibbosus				0	
		Myrmicinae						
			Myrmicinae sp.					
			Temnothorax sp.			0		
			Pheidole fervida					
			Pristomyrmex punctatus					
			Stenamma owstoni				0	
			Temnothorax spinosior				0	
			Tetramorium tsushimae					
		Ponerinae						
			Ponerinae sp.					
			Cryptopone sauteri				0	
	Ichneumonidae							
			Ichneumonidae sp.					
			Coelichneumon (0	
			Coelichneumon) cyaniventris					
	Vespidae							

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
			Vespa simillima simillima					
			Vespula flaviceps flaviceps					
Lepidoptera								
	Callidulidae							
			Pterodecta felderi					
	Crambidae							
			Glyphodes pryeri					
			Glyphodes quadrimaculalis					
			Haritalodes derogata					
			Herpetogramma luctuosalis					
			Paliga auratalis					
			Palpita nigropunctalis					
			Patania chlorophanta				0	
	Drepanidae							
			Nordstromia japonica					
			Thyatira batis batis					
	Erebidae							
			Erebidae sp.	0				
			Barsine striata					
			Catocala lara				0	
			Catocala nubila					
			Chionarctia nivea					
			Hypena amica					
			Hypocala subsatura				0	
			Manulea japonica				0	
			Miltochrista miniata				0	
			Spilarctia seriatopunctata					
			Thyas juno				0	
	Geometridae							

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded					
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species		
			Geometridae sp.						
			Abraxas fulvobasalis						
			Biston robustum				0		
			Cabera griseolimbata						
			Deileptenia ribeata						
			Dysstroma japonica						
			Epirrhoe supergressa						
			Gandaritis fixseni						
			Lobogonodes erectaria						
			Lomographa bimaculata						
			Lomographa temerata						
			Odontopera arida						
			Orthocabera tinagmaria						
			Ourapteryx koreana						
			Pachyligia dolosa				0		
			Phthonosema tendinosaria						
			Problepsis discophora				0		
	Lycaenidae								
			Cupido argiades						
			Pseudozizeeria maha						
	Noctuidae								
			Noctuidae sp.						
			Amyna sp.			0			
			Amphipyra livida						
			Antoculeora locuples						
			Athetis lineosa						
			Callopistria repleta						
			Chasminodes albonitens						
			Chrysodeixis eriosoma						

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded				
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species	
			Ctenoplusia albostriata					
			Diarsia canescens					
			Diarsia deparca				0	
			Dictyestra dissecta				0	
			Dimorphicosmia variegata				0	
			Dypterygia caliginosa					
			Euplexia lucipara				0	
			Orthosia askoldensis				0	
			Orthosia carnipennis					
			Sineugraphe oceanica					
			Xestia c-nigrum					
			Xestia efflorescens					
	Notodontidae							
			Epodonta lineata					
			Euhampsonia cristata					
			Spatalia plusiotis					
	Nymphalidae							
			Kaniska canace					
			Minois dryas					
	Pieridae							
			Anthocharis scolymus					
			Pieris rapae					
	Pyralidae							
			Pyralidae sp.					
	Saturniidae							
			Samia cynthia					
	Sphingidae							
			Acosmeryx naga					
			Ambulyx japonica koreana					

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific name	Newly-recorded					
				Family	Subfamily	Genus	Species		
			Callambulyx tatarinovii						
	Tortricidae								
			Tortricidae sp.						
Mantodea									
	Mantidae								
			Tenodera sinensis						
Orthoptera									
	Acrididae								
			Shirakiacris shirakii						
			Trilophidia annulata						
	Gryllidae								
			Gryllidae sp.						
			Oecanthus longicauda						
			Teleogryllus (Brachyteleogryllus) emma				0		
	Rhaphidophorida	ae							
			Paratachycines (Paratachycines) ussuriensis						
			Tachycines (Tachycines) coreanus						
	Tetrigidae								
			Tetrix japonica						
	Tettigoniidae								
			Tettigoniidae sp.						
			Ducetia japonica						
			Hexacentrus japonicus						
			Phaneroptera falcata						
			Phaneroptera nigroantennata						
Trichoptera									
			Trichoptera sp.						

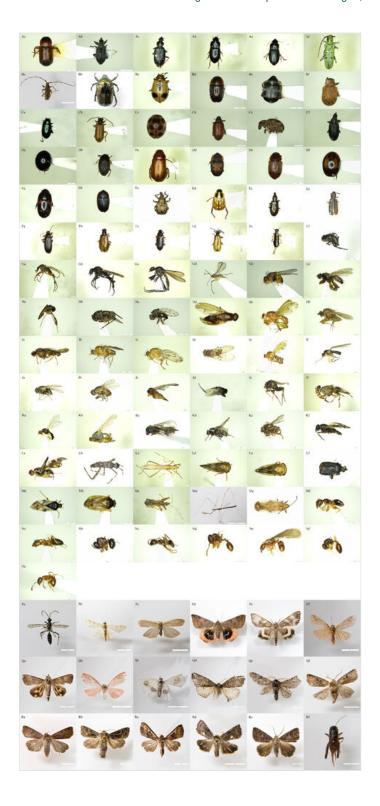


Figure 2. doi

Newly-recorded insect species from Seonginbong, Ulleungdo in 2020. Aa. Bostrichidae sp.; Ab. Apioninae sp.; Ac. Colpodes (Gyrochaetostylus) atricomes; Ad. Nipponoharpalus discrepans; Ae. Harpalus (Zangoharpalus) tinctulus luteicornoides; Af. Saperda octomaculata; Ba. Acalolepta sejuncta sejuncta; Bb. Protaetia lugubris; Bc. Paridea (Paridea) angulicollis; Bd. Meligethes flavicollis; Be. Bruchidius japonicus; Bf. Demotina modesta; Ca. Altica oleracea oleracea; Cb. Syneta adamsi; Cc. Epilachna quadricollis; Cd. Orchestes sp.; Ce. Pseudocneorhinus sp.; Cf. Bradybatus sp.; Da. Leiodidae sp.; Db. Catops sp.; Dc. Sophrops striata; Dd. Omosita discoidea; De. Epuraea (Epuraea) oblonga; Df. Neopallodes omogonis; Ea. Glischrochilus (Librodor) rufiventris; Eb. Ipidia (Ipidia) variolosa variolosa; Ec. Aspidobyctiscus (Aspidobyctiscus) lacunipennis; Ed. Blitopertha orientalis; Ee. Salpingus depressifrons; Ef. Uleiota arboreus; Fa. Allecula (Upinella) melanaria; Fb. Lagria nigricollis; Fc. Mycetochara (Ernocharis) orientalis; Fd. Lagria rufipennis; Fe. Euborellia annulata; Ff. Agromyzidae sp.; Ga. Bibio sp.1; Gb. Bibio sp.2; Gc. Bibio tenebrosus; Gd. Cecidomyiidae sp.; Ge. Chloropidae sp; Gf. Coelopa frigida; Ha. Condylostylus nebulosus; Hb. Dolichopodinae sp.; Hc. Ephydridae sp.; Hd. Suillia brunneipennis; He. Suillia lineitergum; Hf. Heleomyzidae sp.; la. Suillia sp.; lb. Homoneura filiola; lc. Homoneura haejuana; ld. Sciasmomyia supraorientalis; le. Homoneura sp.; lf. Lonchoptera sp.; Ja. Dichaetomyia bibax; Jb. Atherigona sp.; Jc. Mycetophilidae sp.; Jd. Phoridae sp.1; Je. Phoridae sp.2; Jf. Euprosopia graham; Ka. Psila sp.; Kb. Scathophaga mellipes; Kc. Sciaridae sp.; Kd. Sphaeroceridae sp. 1; Ke. Sphaeroceridae sp. 2; Kf. Allognosta vagans; La. Acanthonevra trigona; Lb. Alydus calcaratus; Lc. Paraplesius unicolor, Ld. Drabescus nigrifemoratus; Le. Drabescus nitobei; Lf. Charagochilus (Charagochilus) angusticollis; Ma. Bryocoris montanus; Mb. Castanopsides sp.; Mc. Nabis (Milu) apicalis; Md. Gardena brevicollis; Me. Physatocheila fieberi; Mf. Technomyrmex gibbosus; Na. Lasius hayashi; Nb. Camponotus kiusiuensis; Nc. Formica Iemani; Nd. Stenamma owstoni; Ne. Cryptopone sauteri; Nf. Temnothorax spinosior; Oa. Temnothorax sp.; Pa. Coelichneumon (Coelichneumon) cyaniventris; Pb. Patania chlorophanta; Pc. Manulea japonica; Pd. Thyas juno; Pe. Catocala lara; Pf. Miltochrista miniata; Qa. Hypocala subsatura; Qb. Erebidae sp.; Qc. Problepsis discophora; Qd. Pachyligia dolosa; Qe. Biston robustum; Qf. Orthosia askoldensis; Ra. Diarsia deparca; Rb. Dictyestra dissecta; Rc. Euplexia lucipara; Rd. Dimorphicosmia variegate; Re. Amyna sp.; Rf. Teleogryllus (Brachyteleogryllus) emma. Scale bars: Aa-Af, Bc-Mc, Me-Oa = 1.0 mm; Ba, Bb, Md. Pa-Rf = 1.0 cm.

The largest number of unrecorded species belonged to Coleoptera (28 species), followed by Lepidoptera (14 species), Diptera (13 species), Hemiptera (9 species) and Hymenoptera (8 species). Additionally, one previously unrecorded species each of Dermaptera and Orthoptera were found. In Diptera, 11 families, one subfamily and seven genera that have not been classified to the species level were identified. If all of these were to be identified at the species level, at least 32 unrecorded species would be recorded. Furthermore, Diptera appears to be the taxon with the highest possibility of unrecorded species being discovered. In the Braconidae family of Hymenoptera, Pyralidae family of Lepidoptera and Trichoptera, identification to the species level was difficult owing to the lack of experts. If accurate identification could be achieved, further previously unrecorded species would be identified.

The unrecorded species identified in this survey include pests, such as *Aspidobyctiscus lacunipennis* and *Euplexia lucipara*, which infest crops, such as grapes and beans and

Biston robustum, Pachyligia dolosa and Patania chlorophanta, which infest forests, such as oak, camellia and persimmon (Lim et al. 2013, National Institute of Biological Resources 2022, Korea Forest Service 2022). The results of this survey highlight the necessity of obtaining the latest insect fauna data in Ulleungdo, updating the insect fauna through continuous monitoring, preventing the introduction of pests and implementing efforts to minimise damage to crops and forest resources.

Conflicts of interest

The authors have no conflicts of interest to declare.

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Author contributions

MHW, JWC, WJB, DYL and MKM conducted sample collection. MHW, JWC, DUK and DYK identified Coleoptera, SJS and Y-KK identified Diptera, MHW and JWC identified other Orders. KSC helped to analyse the data and improved the manuscript. All authors read and approved the final manuscript.

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