



Taxonomy & Inventories

# The land snails (Mollusca, Gastropoda) of Kea island (Aegean, Greece)

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# Abstract

#### Background

Kea is the westernmost island of the Cyclades and is located between Syros and Attica, in central Greece. In this work, we have resampled the island after 43 years – i.e. when the island was first fully sampled – and we present its complete land snail fauna.

### New information

We report 42 land snail species with 10 species being new records for the island. Based on our results we draw attention to the fact that sampling for land snails should be done during the wet period in order to survey the complete malacofauna in an island or a region. For such a complete survey, collection and inspection of soil and litter are also necessary. Finally, increased sampling effort through regular resurveys is a necessary prerequisite in order to effectively assess the temporal dynamics of biodiversity patterns.

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# Keywords

Aegean archipelago, biodiversity, land molluscs, taxonomy

# Introduction

Land molluscs and slugs (henceforth land snails) comprise an important component of global biodiversity, representing one of the most species-rich groups of terrestrial animals with approximately 28,000 recognised species (MolluscaBase 2022). Although poor dispersers (Cameron 2013, Cameron 2016), land snails are found almost everywhere on Earth (Cameron 2016) and occupy a wide range of habitat types such as deserts, forests, shrublands and alpine meadows.

For their area, islands host a disproportionate high number of species of many taxa (Fernández-Palacios et al. 2021, including land snails (Cowie 2004, Cameron et al. 2013). Global estimates of insular land snail richness, based on faunas of 727 islands, exceed 11,000 species – that is approximately 48% of all known land snail species – on less than 3% of the globe's land mass, with 75% of them being single island endemics (Proios et al. 2021). Similarly, the Aegean Sea islands hold a unique malacofauna of 419 species, with 51% being regional endemics (Vardinoyannis and Mylonas 2019). Consequently, the Aegean Islands have long attracted scientific attention, having served as a model system for understanding the biogeography of the taxon (Fuchs and Käufel 1936, Heller 1976, Mylonas 1982, Vardinoyannis 1994, Botsaris 1996, Welter-Schultes and Williams 1999, Hausdorf and Hennig 2005, Triantis et al. 2005, Triantis et al. 2008, Goudeli et al. 2021). The systematic and intense study of land snails of the Greek islands, especially during the last four decades, has resulted in more than 150 islands being considered as well-sampled.

However, most of the island faunas have been studied through one or a limited number of field trips and thus our knowledge about their temporal dynamics is limited. In this framework, we studied and herein present the terrestrial malacofauna of Kea (Cyclades, Aegean Sea, Greece), an island that had been previously fully sampled in 1979.

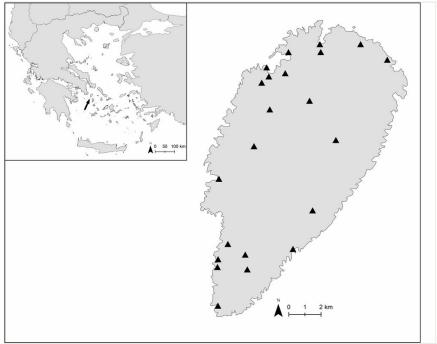
# Materials and methods

# **Study Area**

Kea belongs to the Cyclades island group and is located 19.5 km off the mainland of Attica (Map 1). It is 19 km long (from north to south) and 9 km wide (from west to east), overall possessing an area of 131.7 km<sup>2</sup>, with its highest elevation being 560 m. Kea is, geologically, part of the Attic-Cycladic Unit (Papanikolaou 2021) and consists almost exclusively of metamorphic rocks, mainly schist and marble remains (Yoxas et al. 2011). The island's morphology is characterised by its intense topographic relief and the main (snail) habitat types are phrygana, maquis and *Quercus ithaburensis* forests.

# Sampling

Sampling of land snails was carried out between 4 and 8 November 2021 by five malacologists (LM, KV, KP, MM and KAT) at 22 localities (Fig. 1, Suppl. material 1). We collected samples from a great spectrum of ecosystems, including shrublands (phrygana, maguis or mixed), oak forests, riparian vegetation around streams, cultivations, urban and peri-urban areas. Moreover, we gathered soil and litter under various plants. The collected live specimens were drowned in water and then preserved in 75% ethanol. Some of the individuals were also preserved in 96% ethanol for future molecular analyses. In the laboratory, the collected litter and soil were left to dry and then sieved. A 5-level test sieve was used (with mesh sizes of 5, 2.5, 1.7, 1 and 0.5 mm). Material passing through the 0.5 mm mesh was discarded, while the material obtained from each sieve was examined for small snails under a magnifying lens and good lighting. Shell morphology and reproductive systems were studied to perform identification at the species-level. The entire material collected is deposited in the malacological collection of the Natural History Museum of Crete (NHMC). Additionally, in order to supplement our recovered species list with species potentially not found, but reported in previous works, we re-examined material stored in the malacological collection of NHMC. Previous works reporting snails from the island (Fuchs and Käufel 1934, Fuchs and Käufel 1936, Mylonas 1982, Riedel 1992, Wiktor 2001) were also consulted for distributional data.



#### Figure 1. doi

Map of Kea, the island's location in the Aegean archipelago (Greece) and the 22 localities sampled for land snails shown with a triangle.

# Land snail species from Kea island

# Albinaria discolor (Pfeiffer, 1846)

# Material

 a. scientificName: Albinaria discolor (Pfeiffer, 1846); order: Stylommatophora; family: Clausiliidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

# Albinaria turrita (Pfeiffer, 1850)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Albinaria turrita (Pfeiffer, 1850); order: Stylommatophora; family: Clausiliidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; year: 1979; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

# Cantareus apertus (Born, 1778)

# Material

 a. scientificName: Cantareus apertus (Born, 1778); order: Stylommatophora; family: Helicidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Caracollina lenticula (Michaud, 1831)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Caracollina lenticula (Michaud, 1831); order: Stylommatophora; family: Trissexodontidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

# Candidula syrensis (Pfeiffer, 1846)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Candidula syrensis (Pfeiffer, 1846); order: Stylommatophora; family: Geomitridae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

# Cecilioides acicula (Müller, 1774)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Cecilioides acicula (Müller, 1774); order: Stylommatophora; family: Ferussaciidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

### Cecilioides tumulorum (Bourguignat, 1856)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Cecilioides tumulorum (Bourguignat, 1856); order: Stylommatophora; family: Ferussaciidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

#### Notes: New record from Kea.

# Cernuella virgata (Da Costa, 1778)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Cernuella virgata (Da Costa, 1778); order: Stylommatophora; family: Geomitridae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

**Notes:** *Xerocrassa cretica* reported by Martens 1889 and Fuchs and Käufel 1934 is a misidentification of *Cernuella virgata*, which is very common on the island and some of its populations share shell characteristics with *Xerocrassa cretica*.

# Chondrula bergeri (Roth, 1839)

#### Material

a. scientificName: Chondrula bergeri (Roth, 1839); order: Stylommatophora; family: Enidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

# Chondrus zebrulus (Férussac, 1821)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Chondrus zebrulus (Férussac, 1821); order: Stylommatophora; family: Enidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

# Cochlicella acuta (Müller, 1774)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Cochlicella acuta (Müller, 1774); order: Stylommatophora; family: Geomitridae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Cornu aspersum (Müller, 1774)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Cornu aspersum (Müller, 1774); order: Stylommatophora; family: Helicidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Deroceras keanense van Regteren Altena, 1973

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Deroceras keanense* van Regteren Altena, 1973; order: Stylommatophora; family: Agriolimacidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: K Vardinoyannis; institutionCode: NHMC

**Notes:** *Deroceras berythense* is not distributed in Greece according to Wiktor (2001) and all the records of *D. berythense* from Kea should be regarded as belonging to *D. keanense*.

# Deroceras laeve (Müller, 1774)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Deroceras laeve* (Müller, 1774); order: Stylommatophora; family: Agriolimacidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; year: 1979; identifiedBy: A Wiktor

#### Deroceras pseudopanormitanum Wiktor, 1984

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Deroceras pseudopanormitanum* (Wiktor, 1984); order: Stylommatophora; family: Agriolimacidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/202; identifiedBy: K Vardinoyannis; institutionCode: NHMC

#### Notes: New record from Kea and the Aegean Islands.

# Deroceras seriphium Wiktor & Mylonas, 1981

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Deroceras seriphium* Wiktor & Mylonas, 1981; order: Stylommatophora; family: Agriolimacidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: K Vardinoyannis; institutionCode: NHMC

### Eobania vermiculata (Müller, 1774)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Eobania vermiculata* (Müller, 1774); order: Stylommatophora; family: Helicidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

### Granopupa granum (Draparnaud, 1801)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Granopupa granum (Draparnaud, 1801); order: Stylommatophora; family: Chondrinidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

# Helix figulina Rossmässler, 1839

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Helix figulina* Rossmässler, 1839; order: Stylommatophora; family: Helicidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Idyla bicristata (Rossmässler, 1839)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Idyla bicristata* (Rossmässler, 1839); order: Stylommatophora; family: Clausiliidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

# Lauria cylindracea (Da Costa, 1778)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Lauria cylindracea (Da Costa, 1778); order: Stylommatophora; family: Lauriidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

Notes: New record from Kea.

# Lindholmiola lens (Férussac, 1832)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Lindholmiola lens (Férussac, 1832); order: Stylommatophora; family: Helicodontidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

# Mediterranea hydatina (Rossmässler, 1838)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Mediterranea hydatina (Rossmässler, 1838); order: Stylommatophora; family: Oxychilidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

# Monacha parumcincta (Menke, 1828)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Monacha parumcincta (Menke, 1828); order: Stylommatophora; family: Hygromiidae; continent: Europ; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: K Vardinoyannis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Orculella critica (Pfeiffer, 1856)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Orculella critica (Pfeiffer, 1856); order: Stylommatophora; family: Orculidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Oxychilus cyprius (Pfeiffer, 1847)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Oxychilus cyprius (Pfeiffer, 1847); order: Stylommatophora; family: Oxychilidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

#### Oxyloma elegans (Risso, 1826)

### Material

 a. scientificName: Oxyloma elegans (Risso, 1826); order: Stylommatophora; family: Succineidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

#### Notes: New record from Kea.

# Paralaoma servilis (Shuttleworth, 1852)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Paralaoma servilis* (Shuttleworth, 1852); order: Stylommatophora; family: Punctidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

Notes: New record from Kea.

# Pyramidula cephalonica (Westerlund, 1898)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Pyramidula cephalonica (Westerlund, 1898); order: Stylommatophora; family: Pyramidulidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

#### Notes: New record from Kea.

### Pyramidula chorismenostoma (Westerlund & Blanc, 1879)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Pyramidula chorismenostoma* (Westerlund & Blanc, 1879); order: Stylommatophora; family: Pyramidulidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; year: 1979; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

# Rumina saharica Pallary, 1901

# Material

 a. scientificName: *Rumina saharica* Pallary, 1901; order: Stylommatophora; family: Achatinidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Rupestrella philippii (Cantraine, 1841)

# Material

 a. scientificName: *Rupestrella philippii* (Cantraine, 1841); order: Stylommatophora; family: Chondrinidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

# Tandonia sowerbyi (Férussac, 1823)

# Material

 a. scientificName: *Tandonia sowerbyi* (Férussac, 1823); order: Stylommatophora; family: Milacidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: K Vardinoyannis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Theba pisana (Müller, 1774)

#### Material

a. scientificName: *Theba pisana* (Müller, 1774); order: Stylommatophora; family: Helicidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: L Maroulis; institutionCode: NHMC

# Notes: New record from Kea.

# Thiessea sphaeriostoma (Bourguignat, 1857)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Thiessea sphaeriostoma* (Bourguignat, 1857); order: Stylommatophora; family: Helicidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/202; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

**Notes:** *Thiessea cyclolabris* mentioned by Martens (1889) should be regarded as a synonym of *T. sphaeriostoma*, after the revision of the genus by Subai (1996).

# Trochoidea pyramidata (Draparnaud, 1805)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Trochoidea pyramidata* (Draparnaud, 1805); order: Stylommatophora; family: Geomitridae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/202; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

### Truncatellina cylindrica (Férussac, 1807)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: *Truncatellina cylindrica* (Férussac, 1807); order: Stylommatophora; family: Truncatellinidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identificationID: D Karakasi; institutionCode: NHMC

#### Notes: New record from Kea.

# Vitrea clessini (Hesse, 1882)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Vitrea clessini (Hesse, 1882); order: Stylommatophora; family: Pristilomatidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

### Vitrea contracta (Westerlund, 1871)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Vitrea contracta (Westerlund, 1871); order: Stylommatophora; family: Pristilomatidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

Notes: New record from Kea.

### Vitrea keaana Riedel & Mylonas, 1981

#### Materials

- a. scientificName: Vitrea keaana Riedel & Mylonas, 1981; order: Stylommatophora; family: Pristilomatidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; decimalLatitude: 37.5597; decimalLongitude: 24.3296; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC
- scientificName: Vitrea keaana Riedel & Mylonas, 1981; order: Stylommatophora; family: Pristilomatidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece;

countryCode: GR; decimalLatitude: 37.5813; decimalLongitude: 24.3435; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

Notes: Fig. 2. The only endemic land snail of Kea.

# Vitrina pellucida (Müller, 1774)

#### Material

 a. scientificName: Vitrina pellucida (Müller, 1774); order: Stylommatophora; family: Vitrinidae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/202; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

Notes: New record from Kea and the Aegean Islands.

# Xerotricha conspurcata (Draparnaud, 1801)

### Material

 a. scientificName: Xerotricha conspurcata (Draparnaud, 1801); order: Stylommatophora; family: Geomitridae; continent: Europe; islandGroup: Cyclades; island: Kea; country: Greece; countryCode: GR; eventDate: 4/11-8/11/2021; identifiedBy: M Mylonas; institutionCode: NHMC

# Notes: New record from Kea.



Figure 2. doi Digital microscopic images of *Vitrea keaana* Riedel & Mylonas, 1981. Specimen from Poles (37.5597, 24.3296).

# Analysis

# Faunistic results

Our study found 42 land snail species in Kea, belonging to 34 genera. The most speciesrich genus is *Deroceras* with four species. The complete list of species is shown in the checklist section, with 11 species constituting new records for the island. Furthermore, *Deroceras pseudopanormitanum* and *Vitrina pellucida* are reported for the first time from an Aegean island.

# Discussion

Our sampling on Kea, an arguably well-surveyed island, yielded an impressive number of 11 additional land snail species, thus increasing its species richness by ~ 30% compared to that previously reported (i.e. 31 land snail species, Mylonas 1982). The recovery of 11 new species records could be mainly attributed to two different factors. First, some species known to be anthropophilous (e.g. *Xerotricha conspurcata, Theba pisana, Oxyloma elegans*) were not previously present on the island and have probably colonised it in the period between the two samplings, potentially through human direct or indirect assistance. Second, some small-sized species – readily missed unless deliberately looked for (e.g. *Vitrea contracta, Paralaoma servillis, Truncatellina cylindrica, Cecilioides tumulorum, Lauria cylindracea*) – have been discovered thanks to the inspection of litter and soil, a practice not systematically adopted in previous sampling attempts, but necessary in order to recover the entire malacofauna of a region (Cameron and Pokryszko 2005).

Our results call attention to potential inaccurate estimations of island-level species richness due to undocumented species presences. In general, the main causes for incomplete data are sampling during unfavourable periods and inadequate sampling effort (Triantis et al. 2008). The most favourable sampling period for land gastropods in the Aegean area is from October to April, when snails are active (Mylonas 1982). Two major problems arise from sampling during unfavourable periods: first, a number of species will not be collected, since they probably aestivate hidden, either deep in the ground or in rock crevices and second, the limited number of live species richness and misidentification of species, respectively (Triantis et al. 2008). Furthermore, as snails on islands can usually be located in very limited areas or habitats, recovery of full island-level species lists requires thorough examination of a complete array of available ecological space.

Our findings are also relevant with regards to accurately assessing global island diversity patterns. Recently, the first ever global inventory of island land snails (Proios et al. 2021) was based on a compilation of complete species lists from 727 islands, including 11,139 species, approximately 48% of all known land snail species. In this context, our work serves as a reminder that such attempts – as much as being essential to address the implications of large scale macroecological patterns – have their basis on rigorous local-

scale faunistic studies that set the solid foundations required for large databases to be based on robust data.

# Acknowledgements

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# Supplementary material

### Suppl. material 1: Suppl. Table 1. Collection sites doi

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